

PRINCESS THEATER

TODAY AND TUESDAY

Constance Talmadge, in

"LESSONS IN LOVE"

From the play

"THE MAN FROM TORONTO"

If you are heartbroken and miserable; too blue to care whether you live or die; see Connie give a few "Lessons In Love".

ALBANY-DECATUR DAILY

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS AND UPBUILDING OF ALBANY, ALABAMA, AND DECATUR, ALABAMA

VOL. XI. NO. 26.

ALBANY, ALABAMA, MONDAY, MARCH 27, 1922.

Star Theater

TODAY

"THE GREAT REDEEMER"

With House Peters and Marjory Daw. One of the most wonderful Western Dramas ever screened and

"THE STRAP HANGER"

A corking good century comedy.

TUESDAY

A big western drama

"HAIR TRIGGER CASEY"

SOLONS WILLING FOR STATE'S BUSINESS MEN
TO FIND WAY OUT OF GORGAS PLANT MUDDLEALABAMA MINERS
WILL QUIT, BELIEF,
IF GIVEN SUPPORT
OF EVERY DISTRICTOperators Think National Strike
Will Effect State
LittleLONG RATTLE LOOMS
SAY CABINET MEMBERSGovernment's Attitude Toward
Walkout Still Veiled In
Secrecy(By WILLIAM H. HENDRIX,
L. N. S. Correspondent)

BIRMINGHAM, March 27.—Twenty thousand Alabama miners, now employed for two, three or five days per week, will lay down their tools April 1 provided they are assured of continuous support of workers in all other coal fields.

This is the belief held by labor leaders. Operators have maintained an indifferent front as the national coal strike threatens, asserting that "the union was broken in 1921" and firmly believe that a strike by the organization would affect the men here but little.

Union leaders, upon their return from the national conference at Cleveland said: "the Cleveland convention spoke for the United Mine Workers of America and the various districts have nothing to say".

President Kenhamer, of district 20, was ill at home and could not be interviewed. While the veil of mystery is draped securely about officials returning from Cleveland, organized labor leaders point to these facts:

1. A resolution to call non union workers to join the strike was offered by Van A. Bittner, who led the Alabama strike one year ago and is known to regard Alabama as the potential battle ground for a decisive struggle.

2. Miners here, broken by the bitter strike of a year ago, have been rapidly organizing during the past few months.

3. Organized labor of every craft is anxious for Alabama miners to re-instate their union organization and to that end are prepared for unlimited sympathetic support.

The failure of all previous strikes of Alabama miners has whetted the workers' determination to strike hard when international help is assured. Previously Alabama miners have gone on strike alone, which resulted in a broken organization.

Now, with the support of all organized miners in America, and the probable support of the railroad workers, Alabama miners feel that it is a case of "now or never", insofar as the status of the miners' union in this state is concerned. United Mine Workers officials declined to state today whether organizers of the union are coming to Alabama or whether they are now working here preparing for the strike.

LONG BATTLE EXPECTED
WASHINGTON, March 27.—The national coal strike, ushering in the greatest industrial tie up the country has ever experienced is inevitable and will be a long drawn out affair, lasting probably three months, perhaps longer, according to a prediction made today by a cabinet officer.

A canvass of sentiment among other members of the cabinet, minor officials in close touch with the situation and labor leaders here revealed that this opinion is very general in Washington.

The government is beginning to hold itself entirely aloof for the time being, it was stated. Until the administration's hand is forced, either through acts of violence or by public suffering, no action will be taken and Washington will stand on the sideline to watch the test of strength between operators and miners.

ALBANY-DECATUR IN
MIDST OF GREATEST
S. S. DEVELOPMENT
IN CITIES' HISTORYSunday School Attendance Here
Now At the Greatest
PeakMORE THAN 2,500 ARE
ATTENDING CLASSESTwo Large Bible Classes Here
Photographed On Sun-
day Morning

There is not a memory in the Twin Cities that can recall another such flourishing period of Sunday school development as Albany and Decatur are now in the midst of. There may have been times when a few individual schools enrolled more than they do today, but the total Sunday school attendance now is far and away beyond anything in the past. The highest reported attendance for yesterday was from the Central Baptist school (the men's and woman's classes of that school closed their great contest yesterday) and it was 444 present. The next in attendance was the Central Methodist with 423. This school lately has had right at 450 and a year or so ago its enrollment was 895. It now has 709 on roll, and is the largest school anywhere in the Twin Cities. The largest attendance ever at the First Presbyterian Sunday School was present yesterday—125. Counting 20 Sunday schools for Albany and Decatur, and putting them at what the First Presbyterian church school was yesterday—125, we have a total of 2500 students studying about right and wrong yesterday. A large number, but not enough, considering the thousands of others who need similar instruction, but who are not getting out Sunday in time for Sunday school.

Men Win at Central Baptist
The contest between the men and the women of the Central Baptist School, which opened January 15th, came to a close yesterday morning with a grand total of 1152 for the men and 951 for the women. There were 129 men present yesterday in the men's convention class taught by W. R. Spight, and 108 women present in the classes taught by Mrs. Seneca Burn and J. W. Gibson.

A special missionary collection was taken at this school yesterday.

The two divisions of the men's Bible class of the First school of Decatur tied for first place yesterday with 34 members each, making a total of 65 present counting the teacher, Hon. S. A. Lynne.

At the First Methodist in Decatur a spirited contest is on between the class of Mrs. L. J. Ramage, and the class taught by Prof. W. W. Benson. Mrs. Ramage's class won yesterday with a total of 57 present; the men's "Lend a Hand" class had 93 present, but they lost as the women are allowed a handicap of 45% Superintendent J. H. Johnson, of this school stated that the canvass for funds for a new Sunday School building for this school was under way, but that the results were not yet ready to be made public. Both the Baptist and Methodist Men's Class were photographed yesterday morning.

Special Exercises
Special "Home Mission" exercises were held at the First Presbyterian church of Decatur Sunday school, with an address by the Pastor Dr. Wallace, and attractive exercises by carefully trained children. In an address called for by the Superintendent A. A. Jones, John D. Wyker, made a very hopeful statement of present conditions in the Sunday School, saying that 125 was the largest attendance ever reached by the school, and declared emphatically that it was his ambition to see an adequate Sunday School, building erected at once, that about \$5000.00 of the needed fund was cast.

The Ninth Street Revival enters its second week with encouraging results. Last night the evangelist Rev. W. J. McCarty, preached a stirring evangelist sermon and had a good response from the large congregation. The opening exercises were conducted by the pastor, Rev. J. W. Curl, and the large choir led in a number of spirited hymns.

The 11 o'clock service yesterday was attended by a large crowd, and an earnest program was carried out, with the usual hymns and prayers. The choir led the hymns, as directed by Prof. E. W. Laxson, who has been training the singers for a number of years. At the Sunday school service some of the students gave their names for church membership, and they were reported by the Pastor Rev. J. W. Curl at the service yesterday morning. It is expected that the meeting will continue the best part of this week.

A thorough search was made but no trace of the hen was to be found. For three or four days the little fellow was greatly disturbed over the disappearance of his pet chicken, and went to the homes of nearby neighbors searching in the hope that she might have strayed away. No trace was to be found. Twelve days after the disappearance of the hen and while arranging them for the night, he called to his father to assist him in some manner, and in attempting to prop a door open the hen was found.

An old tin bucket was nearby and in reaching for it to stand against the door to hold it open he stepped the little Bantam hen from her prison of twelve days, very weak but still very much alive. The imprisonment was caused by the hen jumping up on the rim of the bucket, her weight being exactly right to cause a quick turn over of bucket and into the prison she was cast.

CASE DISMISSED
WASHINGTON, March 27.—The supreme court of the United States today dismissed the appeal of Jim Benson, negro, sentenced to death in Georgia, on a charge of criminally assaulting Mrs. Miriam Davis, a white woman. The supreme court held it had no jurisdiction.

(Continued on Page 4)

Expedition Goes On Hunt for Pre-Historic Monster.

HIGH TEAMS WILL
MEET IN SERIES
FOR A LOVING CUP

Weather permitting the baseball teams of Albany and Decatur high schools will meet this afternoon in the first of a series of games for the city baseball championship among the schools.

A loving cup will be awarded the

winner, according to announcement to day.

It is planned to award the cup

on the basis of three victories out

of five. In case there should be a tie

a sixth game will be played to de-

termine the winner.

Revival Entered
Its Second WeekChicken Caught In
Bucket, Is Eatless,
Drinkless 12 Days

How long can a chicken live without food and drink? That is problematical.

That one did live for twelve days without any kind of food or

light, is a fact. The little son of Dr.

Kinbrough, of Hartsville, is a chicken

fancier. He has a few Bantam hens.

In rounding them up one night recent-

ly preparatory to feeding and seeing

that they were all in their quarters,

one of the hens was missing.

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CHILD DIES
Mildred W. Williams, 19 month old

infant of Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Wil-

liams, died at 5:30 o'clock Sunday

afternoon at the home of the parents,

1525 Fifth avenue, s. Funeral ser-

vices will be held Tuesday and inter-

ment made at Cullman.

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Nashville Boy
With Minstrel

Local theatre-goers are looking

forward with interest to the appear-

ance here of Genie Cobb, of Nashville,

who is his first appearance in the South,

Mr. Cobb having been a favorite in

the West for many years, traveling

that section at the head of his own

company.

WEATHER

For Alabama: Generally fair to

night. Tuesday unsettled probably

showers little change in temperature.

mark of respect to the deceased.

CLINE IS ELECTED
PRESIDENT POST H.
AT ANNUAL FEAST
FOR MEMBERSHIPBanquet Enjoyed By T. P. A.
Saturday Evening At Bar-
becue CafeCOMMITTEES ALSO
ARE NAMED FOR YEARAddresses Delivered By Clyde
Hendrix And Dr. F. P.
Petty

The annual election of officers of Post H. T. P. A. occurred Saturday evening at a banquet at the barbecue cafe on Bank street at 7:45 o'clock. The annual meeting is eagerly looked forward to each season, and a jolly good time is always the result. The membership of the post numbers 40, scattered over different sections of the county. About 30 resident members were present Saturday evening.

After a sumptuous banquet was enjoyed, and smoke in order, the real business of the occasion was taken up and the annual election of officers held, the following being selected to guide the organization for the current year: President J. L. Cline; First Vice President Floyd Taylor; Second Vice President W. A. Coppage; Third Vice President Chester Sarter.

Board of Directors: J. H. Hefner, F. H. Pointer, W. H. Aycock, E. L. Rainey.

The following standing committees were chosen for the ensuing year: Hotel Committee: John Harlow, W. E. Heffner. Legislative: J. H. Johnson, T. Z. Bailey, Charlie Rountree. Railroad: J. P. Brock, Jno. Witty Lovin, E. L. Rainey. Sick and Relief: Walter Clopton, J. Jones, John McMath. Good Roads: R. C. Sims, R. H. McGuire, W. G. McConnell. Press: J. H. Johnson and T. M. Faust. Employment: J. W. Montgomery. Post Surgeon: Dr. F. P. Petty. Post Chaplain: Rev. G. M. Davenport. Membership: J. P. Brock, J. D. Jefferies, E. L. Rainey, W. E. Heffner, A. M. Lantz. Secretary-Treasurer: John F. Lovin.

Delegates to the state convention which meets at Montgomery May 5-6; T. M. Faust, E. L. Rainey, W. H. Aycock, F. H. Pointer, W. G. McConnell, Edd Heffner, G. M. Davenport and J. P. Brock.

The following resolution was introduced and unanimously passed, expressing the conviction held by the persons relative to the development of Muscle Shoals.

At the regular annual meeting of Post H. T. P. A. held in Decatur, Ala. on March 25th, 1922 the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Be it resolved;

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By mail, Daily and Sunday, one year	15.00
By mail, Sunday only	1.50

WE FAVOR ACCEPTANCE OF HENRY FORD'S BID FOR MUSCLE SHOALS

A GREAT RESPONSE TO A GREAT APPEAL.

About Christmas time The Daily commented on an appeal sent out to the ministers and publicists of the nation by Dr. George Staney Frazier, secretary of the Methodist Mens Clubs, in which the writer asked for a response as to their attitude toward the Ford bid for Muscle Shoals. It will be recalled that Dr. Frazier prefaced his address with a reference to the Christmas spirit and what it should mean toward the unemployment situation, and he made the following reference to what he thought of Mr. Ford's ability to aid the country and humanity if given the Shoals:

"Mr. Ford's offer for the great Muscle Shoals properties, together with various Federal aid projects in highway construction are gleams of light on the far-extending horizon of unemployment. The Muscle Shoals project, on which the government has already expended approximately one hundred million dollars, is of greater consequence to the American people than sectional advantage and should rise above party contentions. Mr. Ford has said that his securing these properties would ultimately result in the employment of a million persons. Mr. Ford may be a dreamer, but his record has marked him as a dreamer who turns imagination into reality. With the acceptance of Mr. Ford's offer, either in its present or in a modified form, thousands of idle workers will become active forces in unleashing this vast storehouse of latent power on the Tennessee river, and busy partners in hastening a period of prosperity and in the production of national wealth."

Printed prominently in Sunday's Nashville Banner are 37 of the replies received—all favorable to the Ford bid from the ministers, educators and publicists approached.

Dr. George H. Denny, president of the Alabama State University replied as follows:

"I am in hearty sympathy with the views stated in our article reproduced by the Associated Press on the Ford offer. I am deeply interested in the development of the great Muscle Shoals properties."

President L. H. Merlin of Boston University said:

"I should very much like to see Mr. Ford secure the Muscle Shoals properties. He has demonstrated his ability to make good use of such an enterprise. I understand that Mr. Edison proposes to co-operate with him. By all means, the government should turn this matter over to Mr. Ford."

President O. W. Thompson of Ohio University said:

"I am very much in favor of the government selling the Muscle Shoals properties. I believe the project would be better managed under private ownership."

Thus speak the heads of three great seats of learning in widely separated sections of the nation. Will the false voices of the politicians be drowned by their betters? The presidents of both the largest colleges in Birmingham also heartily endorse the Ford bid.

Passing to the clergy Dr. Charles S. McFarland, General Secretary of the Federal Council of the churches of Christ in America, New York City says:

"It seems advisable to me, especially as Mr. Ford has shown such success in somewhat similar matters."

Bishop Thomas C. Darst, Diocese of East Carolina, Wilmington, N. C., says:

"Regarding your splendid appeal in connection with the Muscle Shoals, I endorse same most heartily. I believe that the acceptance of Mr. Ford's offer would result in the greatest good for the greatest number."

Perhaps the most prominent Commander of the Salvation Army in America, Col. W. J. Jenkins, National Secretary, Salvation Army New York City says:

"I am quite sure that Commander Booth is in sympathy with the effort that you are making."

And so it goes all along the long list of educators, preachers and general secretaries of all the religious bodies in America—all supporting the Ford bid, and giving their unanswerable reasons therefor. Who can withstand such a great cloud of witnesses for the truth? Most significant is the closing line of Bishop Darst: "The greatest good to the greatest number". What man or set of men can afford to fly in the face of such opinions proclaiming from the Atlantic to the Pacific, from the Lakes to the Gulf, that Muscle Shoals should be developed by Henry Ford because such a plan will be "for the greatest good to the greatest number"?

AN ANTI-FLAPPER LAW.

If it is true, as alleged by Mrs. Shepley, chairman of the Probation Extension Committee of Chicago, that a wave of juvenile delinquency is sweeping over the country one means of arresting it suggests itself. Enforce the coat laws.

If it is true, as Mrs. Shepley believes, that there is a prevalence among girls in their mid-

assuredly that it is easier to enforce consent laws in the country than in cities. It is easier to discover the identity of those who are violators of the law.

Kentucky has, as a result of the session of the Legislature which adjourned a few days ago, a law making the age of consent 18; putting it well beyond the "midteens." It is a first-rate anti-flapper law. Its enforcement could be to a great extent, accomplished. It could be accomplished more easily, for obvious reasons, where population is sparse—where the community knows the individual—than in great cities.

A consent law defines years below 18 as those of childhood. It is based, like child labor laws, upon the principle that society may protect children, without encroaching upon personal liberty. It contemplates the child as one whose discretion, along with its physical and mental powers, is as yet immature, undeveloped, incomplete. It regards the "baby vamp" as an infant. Always she has been an infant under civil laws when property rights are involved.

The property rights of infants are protected as a matter of course. Consent laws proclaim and defend their right to arrival at approximate maturity under the law's protection.

Of course, no prohibitory enactment affecting individual conduct results in actually prohibiting that which it seeks to prohibit. But occasional convictions for violations of consent laws have a far-reaching educational and deterrent effect.

The flapper, within the meaning of Mrs. Shepley, is in many cases a delinquent child, not merely a child whose conduct is indecorous, or lacking in becoming dignity.

Consent laws are designed to protect society—which the member most concerned is the infant potentially a delinquent—from the degenerative effect of the delinquency of units of population too immature to be capable of even the elemental impulse of self-defense.—Louisville Courier Journal.

FIRST AID FOR THE BOOTLEGGERS.

The Department of Justice has summarily removed T. Henry Walnut, assistant attorney-general for Pennsylvania.

Mr. Walnut is a Democrat. Under ordinary circumstances, his removal would have caused no comment.

But his removal at this time is characterized by the Philadelphia Public Ledger as "A Political Outrage."

At the time of his removal Mr. Walnut was engaged in prosecuting an investigation of a gigantic bootlegging conspiracy, which made Pennsylvania the center of wholesale violations of the prohibition law, according to the Public Ledger.

The officials who are responsible for his removal are guilty either of ignorance of the necessity of Mr. Walnut's attention to this case, or of an effort to grant immunity to former prohibition enforcement officials, who are said to be involved in the conspiracy.

If they were ignorant of the extent to which Mr. Walnut had gone, and of the danger of the entire case collapsing with his removal, then they are unfitted to be in the department. If they removed him in order to save political friends, then they are unfitted to serve in any position of public trust.

The Walnut episode has created a stir in Pennsylvania. It places Attorney-General Daugherty in an untenable position. It is embarrassing to an administration which is pledged to enforce the law.

It is not the first instance of the kind.

Recently a similar case arose in Massachusetts. There the law enforcement officer—a Republican, by the way—took himself too seriously. He actually raided a hotel, in which a political dinner was in progress, among the diners being the governor of the state. It was a nasty situation. Booze was found aplenty in the room above the dining room and an old-time bar was in full blast.

The enforcement officer was removed. Senator Lodge is credited with having contributed to the removal in order to save Republican leaders of the state.

These two cases indicate that the offices of the attorney-general and of the prohibition director of the United States are being conducted as bureaus of first aid to the oppressed bootlegger.—Nashville Tennessean.

DIFFIDENCE OF AN ARTIST.

Modesty and good taste marked the conduct of Frank McGlynn, who enacts the role of Abraham Lincoln, during his recent engagement in Springfield, Ill., home of the martyred emancipator.

Despite flattering offers the suggestion that he pose as Lincoln in costume upon the streets, on the veranda and in the living rooms of the Lincoln homestead, met with a polite but firm rebuff from the actor that is truly gratifying to sober-minded and conservative Americans who revere and love the character of our greatest democrat and truest republican.

Actors are not, in the nature of things, neglectful of opportunities for self-advertisement and personal publicity. It would be too much to expect of them that they should be. But there are boundaries of respect and reverence which should not be invaded, and Mr. McGlynn has displayed a fine appreciation of their demarcations.—New York Telegram.

The country is fast emerging from the disaster of inflated values and those other things which have kept it in a turmoil and uncertainty for the past three years. Business is getting back on a sane footing, and the people the country over are beginning to live within their incomes. In prosperous times there is always the disposition to plunge, and the plunging is the cause of most of the trouble which we have had in rearranging our commercial foundation since the great catastrophe.

The lessons learned will be of inestimable value if we will use the experience thus gained, and we will finally emerge a stronger people, better prepared in self-sustaining qualities which make a country strong and prosperous. A country's prosperity is not measured by how much can be spent to satisfy the mind on pleasure bent, but the real object to be sought in real prosperity is how much of a permanent character can be built in mind, matter, and material things which serve as helpful along the roadway of life. These things live,

THIS AND THAT, HERE AND THERE

By J. ADLAI WEST

It is pleasant to travel back at odd times while pursuing the journey of life and view again the older scenes which make up its history. One never gets away from childhood's scenes and the memory thereof, but, at all times and under all circumstances these come back and linger like the soft cadence of some old familiar song. In every hill and valley of childhood each hill was a triumph, each valley one of contentment. Every field and meadow was a flower garden where daisies and daffodils were gathered and tied into nice little bunches, carried and displayed with all the enthusiasm of childhood. Along the winding banks that stretched away like spun silver to childish eyes, is erected monuments that are indestructible. Youth is the play-garden of humanity, where every step of the way is strewn with roses. Under the shade of the summer foliage trees was a great circus ring filled with actors in every department of childhood activity.

Moving out of childhood's meadow, with all of its beauty and enchantment, a larger perspective greets the eye, and we catch from time to time the purposes of life as we grow in the scale of years. Only when one reaches manhood's estate can they look back and fully appreciate the golden hours of childhood's years, all bound together with links of gold.

The purpose of all law is restraint, to compel a respect for it. If so, to many laws could have the opposite effect. Just as the ballast in the hold of a ship keeps it righted to sail the charted seas and withstand the storms which continually break over its bows, so too much ballast will render it unseaworthy, and ship-wreck in the end will be result. Wholesome laws, properly administered, create a respect for law; too many laws with lax enforcement have the contrary effect; they tend to breed a disrespect for all law. The old adage, "the least governed are the best governed", is not without some foundation for the saying.

The clover fields and meadows will soon be inviting places where the young may stroll and dream day dreams of youth. The inviting shade of a kind tree with its friendly branches outspread will soon be a much sought place where children may gather from the hot rays of the sun and write history which will be cherished by them in after-life. This is but a page from life's book,

not willing to side-track as it were from the main line of life and take these little side journeys occasionally. It is an oasis in the desert; the shadow of a great rock in a weary land.

We stand by night and gaze with upturned face far away into the heavens above, where myriads of twinkling sentinels keep watch by

night. We strive in vain to penetrate beyond the stars, around whose orbs infinity begins and finite minds fail. We search in vain for an answer to the unfathomable aboveness, and at the point of desperation we hear the words clear and distinct, "The heavens declare the glory of God, and the firmament showeth His handiwork."

† † †

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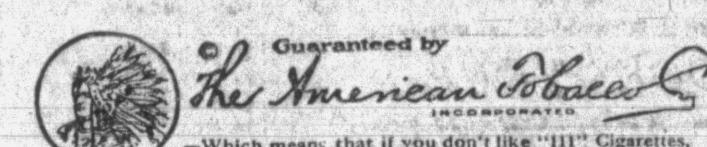
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Three Friendly Gentlemen

10¢ for
FIFTEEN

In a new package that fits the pocket—
At a price that fits the pocket-book—
The same unmatched blend of
TURKISH, VIRGINIA and BURLEY Tobaccos



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F. B. WHITAKER, Secy. & Treas.

Memphis Furniture Manufacturing Co.

Memphis, Tenn.

March 25, 1922.

PLEASE ADDRESS ALL
CORRESPONDENCE TO THE FIRM

Morgan Furniture Co.,
Albany, Ala.
Gentlemen:

Your Rug order went forward yesterday. This is one of the biggest orders we have shipped out this season and embraces a wonderfully wide selection of patterns and grades.

We believe that at the prices you have bought, you will be able to merchandise them quickly and give your customers exceptionally good values. Attached we give you copy of telegram received from one of the biggest Rug Manufacturers in the East, since you were here. This is in response to a request from our Rug man in regard to prices and what the next market might bring forth.

Yours truly,

MEMPHIS FURNITURE MFG. CO.
JOE McST JOHN, Vice President.

TELEGRAM

Copy of telegram sent the Firth Carpet Company
3-22-22.

Could use 100 bales Eureka & Richmond 9x12.
Will you guarantee against decline new market prices?
Wire answer. When does Market open.

MEMPHIS FURNITURE MFG. COMPANY.

We have the largest stock ever shipped to North Alabama. A look will convince you.

Morgan Furniture Co.

"DON'T FORGET"

By Juanita Hamel



TRULY an elegant style. Adapted to all occasions of wear when it is necessary to be well dressed. Kids only in

White—Black

RUSSIAN KID CARDOVAN

Chandler's



The OLD RELIABLE REMEDY
for Colds

BREAKS COLDS
IN 24 HOURS
LA GRIPPE
IN 3 DAYS

CASCARA QUININE
WORLD'S STANDARD
FOR TWO
GENERATIONS

BEGINS acting within ten seconds. Safest and most dependable family remedy for Colds, Headaches, La Grippe. Part experimental upon Hill's Cascara Broma Quinine. World's standard Cold remedy for two generations.

Demand red box bearing Mr. Hill's portrait and signature.

At All Druggists—30 Cents

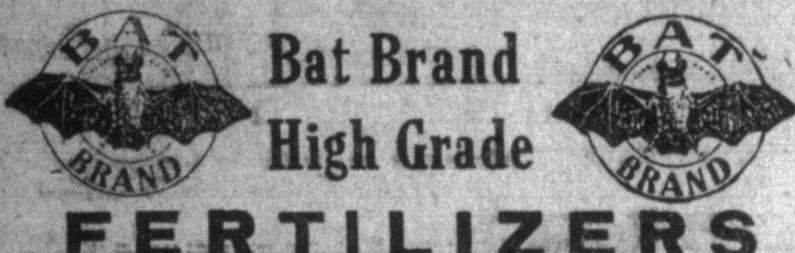
W. H. HILL COMPANY, DETROIT



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In the hush of the heart when gratitude and reverence rise in memory—in that instant when the story of Lincoln is retold—there comes a feeling of his

very presence, for Love calls him near. "Don't forget" are the mother's tender words, and she who listens, thrilled by that nobility, vows to remember.



Bat Brand
High Grade
FERTILIZERS

Established in 1910
Mixtures especially adapted to the Tennessee Valley Soils.

Decatur Fertilizer Co.
DECATUR, ALA.

Gulf States Steel To Be More Active

BIRMINGHAM, March 27.—Increased activity in Alabama by the Gulf States Steel company is expected to be determined upon at the stockholders meeting being held today in New York, according to reports in industrial circles here to-day.

President Moffatt, in charge of Alabama units, and Vice President Forsyth are in New York attending the meeting. No information can be obtained as to the probable development being considered but it is known that enlarged operations in Alabama will be up for consideration.

Albany-Decatur In Midst of Greatest S. S. Development

(Continued From Page 1.)

8 or 9 thousand was already in hand. Mr. Wyker recounted the growth of the school from a dozen or so with practically no school or church building, to the present attendance and the present valuable church, "but" he concluded "we cannot stop here. We must make ample provision for the future and have an ample building erected at once."

Bob Stewart In Race For Sheriff

The Daily carries today the announcement of R. E. "Bob" Stewart a candidate for the office of sheriff of Morgan County. The announcement of Mr. Stewart is not wholly unexpected as his friends have claimed for some time that he would make the race. Mr. Stewart has been chief deputy for the incumbent for the greater part of three years. Bob Stewart, his friends claim has made a very efficient officer. He is well qualified, aggressive, active and fearless in the discharge of duty they say. All these qualities his friends are claiming will make him a strong bidder for the office to which he seeks election.

During his connection with the sheriff's office he has officiated in practically every capacity as a deputy, acquitted himself with credit, and discharging the duties in a manner befitting each and every occasion. The friends of Mr. Stewart are claiming that he is really one of the strong contenders for the position, and that his qualifications preeminently fit him for the position which he seeks.

COTTON MARKET

NEW YORK, March 27.—The cotton market was steady at the opening today with first prices 6 points lower to one point higher. Prices quickly rallied on a demand from commission houses, based on rains in the belt. Brokers acting for Japanese interests were buyers of July.

Portland's Famous Houses.
In Portland, Me., near the waterfront, there stands, side by side, two weather-beaten, neglected houses. One of them is the house in which Longfellow was born; in the other, Thomas B. Reed, "the czar of the house," first saw the light. But as far as Portland is concerned they are just plain houses.

Princess Theatre Wed., Mar. 29

OSCAR F. HODGE, Present:

NEIL O'BRIEN SUPER-MINSTRELS

The Foremost Organization
Of its Kind in the World

10th ANNUAL TOUR
MAIL ORDERS NOW.

Sensible Prices: 50c to \$1.50

SEATS ON SALE AT PRINCESS

Big Street Parade at 4 P.M.

SOCIETY NEWS

Margaret C. Shelton—Phone Decatur 352.

SOCIAL CALENDAR

Monday

Christian Women's Union, 2:30	Mrs. Charles Pfaff
St. John's Guild, 2 P.M.	Mrs. D. G. Perkins
Mission Study Circle, First M. E. Church, 11 A.M.	Mrs. Frank Brown
Tuesday	
Progressive Culture Club	Mrs. S. A. Lynne
Tuesday Afternoon Bridge Club	Mrs. John Garrison
Wednesday	
Music Study Club, 3 p.m.	Miss Mary Penick
Married Ladies' Bridge Club	Mrs. W. H. Driskill
Thursday Club	Mrs. J. Y. Hamil
Friday	
Friday Afternoon Rook Club	Mrs. Frank Brown
Canal Street Rook Club	Mrs. Phillip Humphrey
Sub. Deb Club	Miss Christine Almon

Mrs. Virginia Graham is suffering at her home on Grant Street, with an infected bone of a finger on her left hand.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Nichols, of Decatur, are the guests of Mrs. Nichols' parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ed Hamlet. Colbert County Reporter, Tuscaloosa, Ala.

The Canal Street Rook Club will meet this week with Mrs. Phillip Humphrey.

Mrs. Carl Lee, who was operated on at the Benevolent Hospital for appendicitis recently, has been taken home and is reported doing nicely.

Mrs. B. P. Ashmore left Sunday for her home in Elridge, Ala., after a visit to her brother, W. M. Chenault.

Mrs. D. D. McGeehee left today for San Antonio, Texas, to attend a Missionary conference there.

Mrs. Cleve Frazier continues very ill at her home in South Albany.

Misses Roline and Inez Teasley, who are attending school at Gulfport, Miss., are the guests of their mother, Mrs. A. A. Hardage.

Mr. and Mrs. William Harvey, of Jackson, Mich., and Joseph Harvey of St. Louis, Mo., who accompanied the remains of their mother, Mrs. Mary Harvey, who was buried here Sunday, are spending a few days here with Mr. and Mrs. Earl Calvin.

Mrs. J. C. Geise and children of Tuscaloosa, are the guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Daniel.

Mrs. J. F. Weaver was called to Birmingham Friday, on account of the illness of her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Harvie Weaver.

Mrs. J. H. Hill is at Hartselle at the bedside of her daughter, Mrs. J. E. Peck, who is quite sick with "flu."

Mrs. Lizzie Pearson has returned to her home in Florence after spending the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. Rufus Pearson.

Mrs. Betty Speake, of Hartselle, arrived Saturday to spend some time with her daughter, Mrs. Davis Hodges on Lafayette Street.

Little Miss Marion Bingham is ill at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Marion Bingham.

Mrs. Edwin Murphy and daughters, Mary Ruth and Louise, who have joined Mr. Murphy in Verbena, where he has accepted a position.

Mrs. Gordon McDuff has returned from Nashville, where she was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Carter McGwier.

Rev. R. F. Stuckey, who has been confined to his home with illness, was able to fill his pulpit Sunday at both the morning and evening services.

Mrs. B. Crawford returned Saturday from Birmingham where she visited her daughter, Miss Abigail Crawford for several days.

Miss Thelma Chenault left this morning to resume her studies at Judson College at Marion, Ala., after a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Chenault.

DELITE THEATER—TODAY

JACK HOXIE

In

"Devil Dog Dawson"

A Thrilling Western Drama and

"FRIDAY THE 13TH"

Star Comedy

TUESDAY

Miss Dupont, In

"THE GOLDEN GALLows"

A Brilliant Society Drama, and

"SHE SIGNED BY SEASIDE"

A Mack Sennett Comedy, with Ben Turpin and Marie Prevost. A cocktail of fun and action.

WE APPRECIATE YOUR TRADE

DECATUR DRUG CO.

PHONE 94 AND 95

DECATUR, ALA.

Taste is a matter of tobacco quality

We state it as our honest belief that the tobaccos used in Chesterfield are of finer quality (and hence of better taste) than in any other cigarette at the price.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.



Chesterfield

CIGARETTES

of Turkish and Domestic tobaccos—blended

20 for 18c
10 for 9c
Vacuum tins of 50 - 45c

'They Satisfy'

British Authors "See America First" and Get Rich; Let's Discover England, Says Leacock

Humorist Reports "Impressions" of English Life In Style of Visitors Who Write Up United States

IS THERE an organized trade in American "impressions" carried on by British lecturers and literary men at our expense? Stephen Leacock, the humorist, says there is, and in the April Harper's Magazine declares that the exporting of impressions has now been going on so long that the balance of trade has been seriously disturbed.

"Mr. Leacock advocates reprisals, and in order that the Englishmen shall not have it all their own way, he has come out with an article entitled "My Discovery of England," written in the best manner of the British discoverer of America.

"For some years past," he says, "a rising tide of lecturers and literary men from England has washed upon the shores of this continent. They come over to us traveling in great simplicity, and return in the ducal suite of the 'Aquitaine.' They carry away with them their impressions of America, and when they reach England they sell them."

"This irregular and one-sided trade has now assumed such great proportions that we are compelled to ask whether it is right to allow these people to carry away from us impressions of the very highest commercial value without giving us any pecuniary compensation whatever. English lecturers have been known to land in New York, pass the customs, drive up town in a closed taxi, and then forward to England from the closed taxi itself ten dollars' worth of impressions of American national character.

"I have myself seen an English literary man—the biggest, I believe; he had at least the appearance of it—sitting in the corridor of a fashionable New York hotel and looking gloomily into his hat, and then from his very hat produce an estimate of the genius of America at twenty cents a word. The nice question as to whose twenty cents that was never seems to have occurred to him."

After assuring us that he is not animated in the faintest degree by jealousy, and that he is prepared to admit the extraordinary ability of our visitors to absorb impressions, the writer submits that these impressions are inadequate and fail to depict us as we really are. By way of illustration he cites some impressions gathered from various visitors' discoveries of America and reproduced, he says, not, perhaps, word for word, but as closely as he can remember them.

"New York," writes one, "nesting at the foot of the Hudson, gave me an impression of coarseness, of tiny graciousness; in short, of weiness." But compare this: "New York," according to another discoverer of America, "gave me an impression of size, of vastness; there seemed to me a bigness about it not found in smaller places." A third visitor writes: "New York struck me as hard, cruel, almost inhuman. This, I think, was because his taxi driver had charged him three dollars."

"I took from Pittsburg," says an English visitor, "an impression of something that I could hardly define—an atmosphere rather than an idea."

"All very well. But, after all, had he the right to take it? Granted that Pittsburg has an atmosphere rather than an idea, the attempt to carry away this atmosphere surely borders on rapacity."

"New Orleans," writes another visitor, "opened her arms to me and bestowed upon me the soft and languorous kiss of the Caribbean." This statement may or may not be true; but in any case it hardly seems the fair thing to mention it."

"Chicago," according to another book of discovery, "struck me as a large city. Situated as it is, it seems destined to be a place of great importance."

"Or here, again, is a form of

"impression" that recurs again and again: 'At Cleveland I felt a distinct note of optimism in the air.'

"This same note of optimism is found also at Toledo, at Toronto—in fact, I believe it indicates nothing more than that somebody gave the visitor a cigar."

"In the course of time," continues Mr. Leacock, "a considerable public feeling was aroused in the United States and Canada over this state of affairs. The lack of reciprocity in it seemed unfair. It was felt (or at least I felt) that the time had come when some one ought to go over and take some impressions of England. The choice of such a person (my choice) fell upon myself. By arrangement with the Geographical Society of America, acting in conjunction with the Royal Geographical Society of England (to both of which I communicated my project), I went at my own expense."

"It is scarcely feasible to give here full details in regard to my outfit and equipment, though I hope to do so in a later and more extended account of my expedition. Suffice it to say that my outfit, which was modeled on the equipment of English lecturers in America, included a complete suit of clothes, a dress shirt for lecturing in, a fountain pen, and a silk hat.

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"After commenting on the fact that he was not met at the depot by any leading citizens or members of the Municipal Council, and that he was not presented with a cigar or driven to view the principal points of interest, the writer gives the impressions he was able to form by himself.

"The city," he says, "is able to boast of many handsome public buildings and offices which compare favorably with anything on the other side of the Atlantic. On the bank of the Thames itself rises the power house of the Westminster Electric Supply Corporation, a handsome modern edifice in the later Japanese style. Close by are the commodious premises of the Imperial Tobacco Company, while at no great distance the Chelsea Gas Works add a striking feature of rotundity. Passing northward, one observes Westminster Bridge, notable as a principal station of the underground railway. This station and the one next above it, the Charing Cross one, are connected by a wide thoroughfare called Whitehall. One of the best American drug stores is here situated. The upper end of Whitehall opens into the majestic and spacious Trafalgar Square. Here are grouped in imposing proximity the offices of the Canadian Pacific and other railways, the International Sleeping Car Company, the Montreal "Star," and the Anglo-Dutch Bank. Two of the best American barber shops are conveniently grouped near the Square, while the existence of a tall stone monument in the middle of the Square itself enables the American visitor to find them without difficulty. Passing eastward toward the heart of the city, one notes on the left hand the imposing pile of St. Paul's, an enormous church with a round dome on the top, suggesting strongly the First Church of Christ (Scientist) on Euclid Avenue, Cleveland. But the English churches not being labeled, the visitor is at a loss to distinguish them."

"Arriving at Liverpool he reports that he could not help being struck by the dreadful carelessness with which people are admitted into England by the immigration officials."

"Do you want to know?" I asked one of them, "whether I am a polygamist?"

"No, sir," he said, very quietly. "Would you like me to tell you whether I am fundamentally opposed to any and every system of government?"

"The man seemed mystified. 'No, sir,' he said, 'I don't know that I would.'

"Don't you care I asked. "Well, not particularly, sir," he answered.

"I was determined to arouse him from his lethargy. "Let me tell you, then," I said, "that I am an anarchist polygamist, that I am opposed to all forms of government, that I object to any kind of revealed religion, that I regard the state and property and marriage as the mere tyranny of the bourgeoisie, and

the London County Bank, which represents the People's Deposit Company, of Yonkers, New York, are said to be in the neighborhood.

"Beyond the city and farther down the river the visitor finds this district of London terminating in the gloomy and forbidding Tower, the principal penitentiary of the metropolis. Here Queen Victoria was imprisoned for many years.

"Excellent gasoline can be had at the American garage immediately north of the Tower, where motor repairs of all kinds are also carried on.

"These, however, are but superficial pictures of London gathered by the eye of the tourist. A far deeper meaning is found in the examination of the great historic monuments of the city. The principal ones of these are the Tower of London (just mentioned), the British Museum, and Westminster Abbey.

"No visitor to London should fail to see these. Indeed, he ought to feel that his visit to England is wasted unless he has seen them. I speak strongly on this point because I feel strongly on it. To my mind there is something about the grim fascination of the historic Tower, the cloistered quiet of the Museum, and the majesty of the ancient Abbey, which will make it the regret of my life that I didn't see one of the three. I fully meant to, but I failed; and I can only hope that the circumstances of my failure may be helpful to other visitors.

"The Tower of London I most certainly intended to inspect. Each day, after the fashion of every tourist, I wrote for myself a little list of things to do, and I always put the Tower of London on it. No doubt the reader knows the kind of little list that I mean. It runs:

"1. Go to bank.
2. Buy a shirt.
3. National Picture Gallery.
4. Razor blades.
5. Tower of London.
6. Sip."

"This itinerary, I regret to say, was never carried out in full. I was able at times to go to the bank and buy a shirt in a single morning; at other times I was able to buy razor blades and almost to find the National Picture Gallery." In his description of the famous Parliament Buildings Mr. Leacock says:

"The principal features of the house are the large luncheon room on the western side and the tea room on the terrace on the eastern. A series of smaller luncheon rooms extend (apparently) all around the premises, while a commodious bar offers a ready access to the members at all hours of the day. While any members are in the bar a light is kept burning in the tall Clock Tower at one corner of the building, but when the bar is closed the light is turned off by whichever of the Scotch members leaves last. There is a handsome legislative chamber attached to the premises from which—so the antiquarians tell us—the House of Commons took its name."

Mr. Leacock concludes with the following note on the climate:

"No description of London is complete without a reference, however brief, to the singular salubrity and charm of the London climate. This is seen at its best during the autumn and winter months. The climate of London, and indeed of England generally, is due to the influence of the Gulf Stream. The Gulf Stream, as it nears the shores of the British Isles and feels the propinquity of Ireland, rises into the air, turns into soup, and comes down on London. At times this soup is thin and is in fact little more than a mist; at other times it is the consistency of a thick porridge. London people flatter their atmosphere by calling it a

Baptists Rally At Rock Creek Church.

A Baptist Rally will be held at Rock Creek Baptist church, twelve miles east of Falkville, on Saturday, April 1, which is the first of a series to be held in Morgan County intended to build the Kingdom of Christ, and to promote good fellowship between all preachers and churches in the county.

At the Rock Creek meeting the following program will be rendered:

10:00 a. m. Devotional—Rev. J. E. Weaver;

10:30 a. m. Stewardship—Rev. C. C. Davison.

11:15 Sermon, subject, The Mission of the Church, by Dr. W. P. Wilks.

12 Noon—Dinner.

1:15 Devotional—Rev. J. M. Hilt.

1:30 p. m. Demonstration Program, by Albany-Decatur-Austinville B. Y. F. U. City Union.

2:30 Associational Work.

(1) As a base of supply—Rev. G. C. Walker.

(2) Enlisting our forces—Rev. J. W. Jones.

(3) Co-operation—T. M. Dix.

ANNOUNCEMENT

We are authorized to announce R. E. "Bob" Stewart as a candidate for Sheriff of Morgan County, Ala., subject to the action of the Democratic primary on August 8th, 1922.

(Paid political advertising authorized by R. E. Stewart.)

WORLD'S CHAMPION GIANTS TRAIN AT SAN ANTONIO.



With the Giants at San Antonio



Walter Kopf
Roy Gillenwater
Frank Samide

Lots of speed—later on. The pitching staff of the New York Giants, world's baseball champions, are working out the kinks in their Spring training camp at San Antonio, Texas. Here they are seen in their first "warm-up" of the pre-season era. Soreness already has been worked out of the pitching arms of this whirlwind crew, but to land berths with McGraw's clan. Roy Gillenwater and Frank Samide are after backstop berths, while Walter Kopf seeks an infield position.

YOUR HEALTH

The Reason "Old Folks" Ought to Watch Their Diet

By ROYAL S. COPELAND, M. D.
Commissioner of Health, New York City

WHEN a farmer knows what elements are lacking in the soil he tills, when he knows what time of the year to spray his apple trees, and what mixture to use for the purpose, then he is in the way to get better results than his less informed neighbor can achieve. When you know what kinds of food your body requires and what quantities to eat, your chance of long life is increased.

During this week I have tried to give you some elementary facts about food. I told you that fat furnishes heat, and the carbohydrates furnish energy. These two forms of food supply the power to run the human engine. The machine itself, consisting of the muscles and the other tissues of the body, is built up of protein.

The food calory was described and its proper employment was indicated. Its use permits you to select your food, and thus to "balance" your ration, in this way guaranteeing the right amount of fat, carbohydrates and protein.

I told you that the "soul of food," the vitamins, and made it clear to you. I trust, that the growth and the welfare of your body depend on eating foods rich in vitamins.

I warned you to choose your food according to your age and work requirements, and, particularly, to avoid such foods as disagree with you.

Age has its special demands as regards food. As we progress in life the liver and the kidneys do not function as they did in early years. The heart is not so dependable, and the blood vessels have become more or less brittle. For these reasons, food excesses should be avoided.

Gullibility at any age is bad enough, but in old age it is a positive menace to life. A boy of 9 can eat a lemon pie and slip off to bed for dreamless sleep. Let an old man do the same thing, and before morning two doctors and a nurse will be working over him.

The food needs of old folks are much less than the requirements of the growing and hard-working periods of life. Simplicity in eating—the rejection of rich and stimulating food—will improve the general life. When you have once established a daily program, making for comfort and good health, stick to it.

You and I must agree that there's more to the vital subject of foods than we have been able to consider in this series of articles of which this is the sixth and last article of Dr. Copeland's series on Food.

Answers to Health Questions

A. B.—Invite and on the top of my head I have a burning sensation. This is very annoying, and I would appreciate it very much if you would give me a remedy for this condition.

A.—You must first locate the precise cause of your trouble before treatment can be prescribed. Have your urine examined and your blood-pressure taken and submit the reports to your doctor, who will advise you after he has examined you.

Dr. Copeland will, when the question is a proper one, write you personally, or a self-addressed, stamped envelope is enclosed. Address ALL INQUIRIES to Dr. R. S. Copeland, in care of this office.

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BIRTHS

Born to Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Smith baby girl, Mary Catherine.

† † †

Born to Mr. Mr. and Mrs. Ott Hames, a son, Ott, Jr., on March 24.

† † †

Born to Mr. and Mrs. W. H. McVee, 1818 Fifth avenue South, Friday, March 24, triplets.

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OIL NEWS

English No. 1 drilled 19 feet Friday and Saturday. Formation sandy lime showing trace of oil. Total depth 1,940 feet.

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